



Stringer Moderate Growth Fund
Class A Shares (Ticker Symbol: SRQAX)
Class C Shares (Ticker Symbol: SRQCX)
Institutional Class Shares (Ticker Symbol: SRQIX)

**a series of the
360 Funds**

PROSPECTUS
June 16, 2017

This Prospectus relates to three classes of shares (Class A shares, Class C shares and Institutional Class Shares); for questions or for Shareholder Services, please call (877) 244-6235.

These securities have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission nor has the Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense

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SUMMARY

Investment Objective. The investment objective of the Stringer Moderate Growth Fund (the “Fund”) is capital appreciation while also maintaining principal stability.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund. This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the Fund. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and in the section captioned “Purchasing Shares” on page 19 of the Fund’s prospectus and the section captioned “Purchases” beginning on page 34 of the Fund’s statement of additional information.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

	Class A shares	Class C shares	Institutional Class shares
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	5.50%	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a percentage of amount redeemed)	1.00% ¹	1.00%	None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A shares	Class C shares	Institutional Class shares
Management Fees	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.25%	1.00%	0.00%
Other Expenses	1.79%	1.79%	1.79%
Acquired (Underlying) Fund Fees and Expenses	0.31%	0.31%	0.31%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses²	3.15%	3.90%	2.90%
Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements ^{2,3}	1.54%	1.54%	1.54%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements	1.61%	2.36%	1.36%

1. A Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (“CDSC”) is imposed upon certain redemptions of Class A shares purchased at net asset value in amounts totaling \$1 million and the shares are redeemed within one year from the date of purchase. See “CDSC for Certain Purchases of Class A Shares” below.
2. Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses do not correlate to the ratio of expenses to average net assets provided in the Financial Highlights. The information in the Financial Highlights reflects the operating expenses of the Fund and does not include Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses or the Expense Limitation Agreement described below. Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are the fees and expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund as a result of its investments in investment companies and other pooled investment vehicles.
3. Effective June 16, 2017, Stringer Asset Management, LLC (the “Adviser”) entered into an Expense Limitation Agreement with the Fund under which it has agreed to waive or reduce its fees and to assume other expenses of the Fund, if necessary, in an amount that limits the Fund’s annual operating expenses (exclusive of interest, taxes, brokerage fees and commissions, other expenditures that are capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, acquired funds fees and expenses, other extraordinary expenses not incurred in the ordinary course of the Fund’s business, interest and dividend expense on securities sold short, and amounts, if any, payable pursuant to a plan adopted in accordance with Rule 12b-1 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”)) to not more than 1.05% until and through at least June 30, 2018. Subject to approval by the Fund’s Board, any waiver under the Expense

Limitation Agreement is subject to repayment by the Fund within the three fiscal years following the year in which such waiver occurred, if the Fund is able to make the payment without exceeding the 1.05% expense limitation. The current contractual agreement cannot be terminated prior to at least one year after the effective date without the Board of Trustees' approval.

Example. This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

This Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. This Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and the Fund's operating expenses remain the same, and the contractual agreement to limit expenses remains in effect through and until June 30, 2018. The Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (the "CDSC") is not included in these calculations for Class A Shares. If the CDSC were included, your costs would be higher. See "CDSC for Certain Purchases of Class A Shares" below. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your cost would be:

Period Invested	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Class A Shares	\$705	\$1,332	\$1,982	\$3,716
Class C Shares	\$239	\$1,049	\$1,876	\$4,025
Institutional Class Shares	\$138	\$752	\$1,392	\$3,113

Portfolio Turnover. The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. For the fiscal ended February 28, 2017, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 84% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategy of the Fund. The investment objective of the Stringer Moderate Growth Fund (the "Fund") is capital appreciation while also maintaining principal stability. To meet its investment objective, the Fund will invest primarily in unaffiliated exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"). The underlying ETFs will invest in various securities including, but not limited to, domestic equity securities (including large, mid and small-cap stocks), stocks offered in international markets, including emerging markets, domestic fixed income securities, foreign debt securities, and cash or cash equivalents. The Fund may also invest in alternative sector ETFs, such as commodity and real estate ETFs, as well as exchange-traded notes ("ETNs"). ETNs are unsecured debt obligations of investment banks which are traded on exchanges and the returns of which are linked to the performance of market indices. The Fund will generally invest in ETNs which are linked to commodities indices; however, investing in ETNs is not equivalent to investing directly in index components or the relevant index itself. The Fund may also invest directly in domestic equity securities (including large, small and mid-cap stocks), stocks offered in international markets, including emerging markets, and unaffiliated open-end investment companies.

The Fund is designed to meet investor needs for a diversified portfolio solution with a defined risk objective of long-term growth through a fully managed investment policy utilizing primarily ETFs as well as United States and foreign equity securities, debt and money market securities, the combination of which will be varied from time to time both with respect to types of securities and markets in response to changing market and economic trends. The portfolio is built around a strategic allocation which allocates the portfolio's investments to large cap stocks, small- and mid-cap stocks, international securities (including emerging markets), and other investments, primarily through investments in ETFs.

The Fund may be appropriate for investors with long-term time horizons who are not sensitive to short-term losses and want to participate in the long-term growth of the financial markets. The Fund seeks to avoid or minimize the effects of inflation on the portfolio.

At times, the Fund may also invest directly in fixed-income securities. These fixed-income securities, either held directly or through ETFs, may be domestic or foreign, corporate or sovereign, and of any quality or duration. Notwithstanding the foregoing, under normal market conditions, the Fund will generally allocate 100% of its investments to equity securities. The portfolio management team may depart from the targeted allocation range when they feel that certain sectors of the financial markets are overvalued or undervalued. The Fund is diversified.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is subject to investment risks, including the possible loss of some or all of the principal amount invested. There can be no assurance that the Fund will be successful in meeting its investment objective. Generally, the Fund will be subject to the following additional risks:

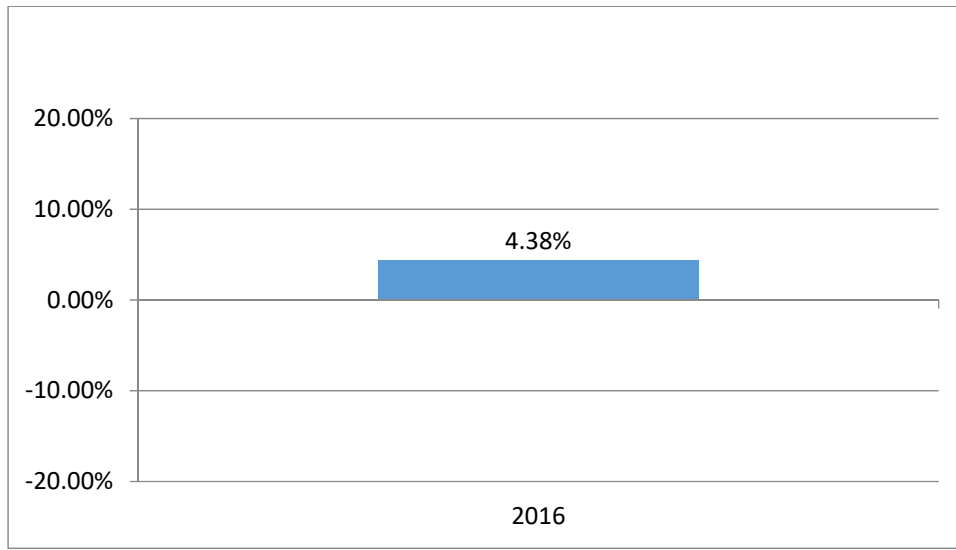
- **Allocation risk** – The performance of the Fund relative to its benchmark will depend largely on the decisions of the Adviser as to strategic asset allocation and tactical adjustments made to the asset allocation. At times, the Adviser’s judgments as to the asset classes in which the Fund should invest may prove to be wrong, as some asset classes may perform worse than others or the equity markets generally from time to time or for extended periods of time.
- **Market risk** – Market risk refers to the risk that the value of securities in the Fund’s portfolio may decline due to daily fluctuations in the securities markets, including fluctuation in interest rates, national and international economic conditions and general equity market conditions.
- **Management style risk** – To the extent the Fund focuses on a particular style of stocks, such as growth or value, its performance may at times be better or worse than that of similar funds with other focuses or that have a broader investment style.
- **Business and sector risk** – From time to time, a particular set of circumstances may affect a particular industry or certain companies within an industry, while having little or no impact on other industries or other companies within the industry.
- **Large company risk** – The Fund may invest in larger, more established companies, which may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges such as changes in consumer tastes or innovative smaller competitors. Also, large companies are sometimes unable to attain the high growth rates of successful, smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansions.
- **Mid-sized company risk** – The Fund may invest in mid-cap companies, which may be more vulnerable to adverse business or economic events than larger, more established companies. In particular, these mid-sized companies may pose additional risks, including liquidity risk, because these companies tend to have limited product lines, markets and financial resources, and may depend upon a relatively small management group.
- **Small company risk** – The Fund may invest in smaller companies, which generally have less experienced management teams, serve smaller markets, and find it more difficult to obtain financing for growth or potential development than larger companies.
- **Real Estate Investment Trust (“REIT”) risk** – The Fund may invest in ETFs or other pooled investment vehicles that invest in REITs. REITs are susceptible to the risks associated with investing in real estate generally, including, among others, declines in the value of real estate, lack of ability to access the credit markets and defaults by borrowers or tenants.
- **Commodities risk** – The Fund may invest in ETFs or other pooled investment vehicles that invest in commodities, such as raw materials or agricultural products. Commodities are tied to future market values and future income and are vulnerable to adverse movements in prices and exchange rates. Additionally, the price of commodities may be affected by geopolitical changes and relations.

- **Credit risk** – An issuer of debt securities, including the issuers of exchange-traded notes, may not make timely payments of principal and interest.
- **Debt securities risk** – Increases in interest rates typically lower the value of debt securities held by the Fund. Investments in debt securities include credit risk. There is also the risk that a bond issuer may “call,” or repay its high yielding bonds before their maturity dates. Debt securities subject to prepayment can offer less potential for gains during a declining interest rate environment and similar or greater potential for loss in a rising interest rate environment. Limited trading opportunities for certain debt securities may make it more difficult to sell or buy a security at a favorable price or time.
- **High yield securities risk** – Investments in high yield fixed income securities, also known as “junk bonds”, are considered speculative, involve a greater risk of default and are subject to a substantially higher degree of credit risk or price fluctuations than other types of debt securities.
- **Interest rate risk** – Increases in interest rates typically lower the present value of a company’s future earnings stream. Accordingly, stock prices will generally decline when investors anticipate or experience rising interest rates.
- **Issuer risk** – The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile and thus perform differently than the market as a whole.
- **Shares of other investment companies and ETFs risk** – You will indirectly bear fees and expenses charged by the underlying funds in which the Fund may invest in addition to the Fund’s direct fees and expenses and, as a result, your cost of investing in the Fund will generally be higher than the cost of investing directly in the underlying fund shares. Investments in ETFs bear the risk that the market price of the ETF’s shares may trade at a discount to their net asset value or that an active trading market for an ETF’s shares may not develop or be maintained.
- **Foreign exposure risk** – Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, or economic developments.
- **Foreign currency risk** – The value of an investment denominated in a foreign currency will decline in dollar terms if that currency weakens against the dollar. Additionally, certain countries may utilize formal or informal currency-exchange controls or “capital controls.” Such controls may also affect the value of the Fund’s holdings.
- **U.S. Government and U.S. agency obligations risk** – There can be no assurance that the U.S. Government would provide financial support to its agencies or instrumentalities (including government-sponsored enterprises) that issue or guarantee certain securities where it is not obligated to do so.

Performance. The bar chart below shows the Fund’s investment results for the period indicated. The table below shows how the Fund’s average annual total returns compare over time to those of a broad-based securities market index. This information provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. Past performance of the Fund is not necessarily an indication of how it will perform in the future. Updated performance information will be available at no cost by calling (877) 244-6235.

Annual Total Returns

(for periods ended December 31) – Institutional Class Shares



Quarterly Returns During This Time Period

Highest	2.12% (quarter ended June 30, 2016)
Lowest	-0.52% (quarter ended December 31, 2016)
Year to Date	3.63% (quarter ended March 31, 2017)

Average Annual Total Returns

(for period ended December 31, 2016)

	One Year	Since Inception (March 31, 2015)
Institutional Class Shares		
Return Before Taxes	4.38%	-0.78%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	3.87%	-1.31%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	2.64%	-0.89%
Class A Shares		
Return Before Taxes	-1.65%	-4.18%
Class C Shares		
Return Before Taxes	3.30%	-1.78%
MCSI AC World Net Total Return/Barclays US Aggregate Bond 65/35 Index Blend (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	6.04%	1.40%

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal income tax rates in effect as of December 31, 2016 and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or IRAs. After-tax returns are shown for Institutional Class shares and after-tax returns for other Classes will vary.

Current performance of the Fund may be lower or higher than the performance quoted above. Updated performance information may be obtained by calling (877) 244-6235.

Management. Stringer Asset Management, LLC (the “Adviser”), a Delaware limited liability company, serves as the Fund’s investment adviser. Gary Stringer, CFA, Kim Escue, CFA, and Chad Keller, CFP, have served as the Fund’s portfolio managers since inception.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares. The minimum initial investment in Class A or Class C shares of the Fund is generally \$5,000, and the minimum subsequent investment for such shares is \$250 (\$100 under an automatic investment plan). The minimum initial investment in Institutional Class shares of the Fund is generally \$1,000,000, and the minimum subsequent investment for such shares is \$5,000 (\$100 under an automatic investment plan). The Fund may, at the Adviser’s sole discretion, accept accounts with less than the minimum investment. You can purchase or redeem shares directly from the Fund on any business day the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) is open directly by calling the Fund at (877) 244-6235, where you may also obtain more information about purchasing or redeeming shares by mail, facsimile or bank wire. The Fund has also authorized certain broker-dealers to accept purchase and redemption orders on its behalf. Investors who wish to purchase or redeem Fund shares through a broker-dealer should contact their broker-dealer directly.

Tax Information. The Fund’s distributions will generally be taxed to you as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an IRA. Distributions on investments made through tax deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or IRAs may be taxed later upon a withdrawal of assets from those accounts.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries. If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE, STRATEGIES, RISKS AND PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

The Fund's Investment Objective and Principal Investment Strategy

The Fund's investment objective is capital appreciation while also maintaining principal stability. The Fund's investment objective may be changed without shareholder approval; however, the Fund will provide 30 days' advance notice to shareholders before implementing a change in the Fund's investment objective.

To meet its investment objective, the Fund will invest primarily in unaffiliated exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"). The underlying ETFs will invest in various securities including, but not limited to, domestic equity securities (including large, mid and small-cap stocks), stocks offered in international markets, including emerging markets, domestic fixed income securities, foreign debt securities, and cash or cash equivalents. The Fund may also invest in alternative sector ETFs, such as commodity and real estate ETFs, as well as exchange-traded notes ("ETNs"). ETNs are unsecured debt obligations of investment banks which are traded on exchanges and the returns of which are linked to the performance of market indices. The Fund will generally invest in ETNs which are linked to commodities indices; however, investing in ETNs is not equivalent to investing directly in index components or the relevant index itself. The Fund may also invest directly in domestic equity securities (including large, small and mid-cap stocks), stocks offered in international markets, including emerging markets, and unaffiliated open-end investment companies.

The Fund is designed to meet investor needs for a diversified portfolio solution with a defined risk objective of long-term growth while also maintaining principal stability through a fully managed investment policy utilizing primarily ETFs as well as United States and foreign equity securities, debt and money market securities, the combination of which will be varied from time to time both with respect to types of securities and markets in response to changing market and economic trends. The portfolio is built around a strategic allocation which allocates the portfolio's investments to large cap stocks, small- and mid-cap stocks, international securities (including emerging markets), and other investments, primarily through investments in ETFs.

The Fund may be appropriate for investors with long-term time horizons who are not sensitive to short-term losses and want to participate in the long-term growth of the financial markets. The Fund seeks to avoid or minimize the effects of inflation on the portfolio.

At times, the Fund may also invest in fixed-income securities. These fixed-income securities, either held directly or through ETFs, may be domestic or foreign, corporate or sovereign, and of any quality or duration. Notwithstanding the foregoing, under normal market conditions, the Fund will generally allocate 100% of its investments to equity securities.

The Adviser uses strategic and tactical asset allocation methodologies to manage the Fund's assets. The Adviser's strategic asset allocation process includes:

Setting forward looking return and risk expectations by creating capital market expectations for broad asset classes based on historical returns, market valuations, the economic cycle, behavioral finance and other fundamental data.

- Setting broad asset allocation targets based on our risk and return expectations.
- Allocating to subcategories such as, without limitation, equities of companies of different capitalizations, fixed income securities of different durations or specialty asset classes. The Adviser also considers the balance of risk characteristics across the portfolio and the correlations of the subcategories.
- Considering and selecting from the universe of appropriate investments for the portfolio. The Adviser quantitatively models the Fund's investment selections to determine their impact on the overall portfolio.
- Purchasing securities based on the Adviser's process.

- Monitoring the Fund and rebalancing it on an as needed-basis in order to, without limitation, change the Fund’s asset allocation, free up cash in order to participate in attractive investment opportunities, or respond to a fundamental change. The Adviser’s investment process also monitors its cash positions in order to maintain appropriate cash levels in the Fund.

The Adviser’s tactical asset allocation process includes:

- Creating a macro view of the capital markets by evaluating domestic and global trends and market opportunities.
- Identifying persistent trends and target sectors with strong momentum (equities, commodities) or relative value (fixed income).
- Consideration of sector concentration within the Fund, and if necessary, rebalancing or allocating to additional sectors.
- Purchasing securities based on the Adviser’s process.
- Monitoring the Fund and rebalancing it on an as needed-basis, as described above.

What is an Exchange-Traded Fund (“ETF”)? An ETF is a fund that holds a portfolio of common stocks or bonds designed to track the performance of a particular securities index, sector or industry. ETFs are traded on a securities exchange based on their market value. ETFs that track an index hold the same stocks or bonds as the index, so its market price generally reflects the value of the index at any given time. ETFs are registered investment companies and incur fees and expenses such as operating expenses, licensing fees, registration fees, trustee fees, and marketing expenses.

Temporary Defensive Positions. The Fund may, from time to time, take temporary defensive positions that are inconsistent with the Fund’s principal investment strategies in an attempt to respond to adverse market, economic, political or other conditions. During such an unusual set of circumstances, the Fund may hold up to 100% of its portfolio in cash or cash equivalent positions. When the Fund takes a temporary defensive position, the Fund may not be able to achieve its investment objective.

“Portfolio Turnover” is a ratio that indicates how often the securities in a mutual fund’s portfolio change during a year’s time. In general, higher numbers indicate a greater number of changes, and lower numbers indicate a smaller number of changes.

General Information Regarding Investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund should not be considered a complete investment program. Your investment needs will depend largely on your financial resources and individual investment goals and objectives, and you should consult with your financial professional before making an investment in the Fund.

Additional Information. To the extent the Fund makes investments regulated by the Commodities Futures Trading Commission, it intends to do so in accordance with Rule 4.5 under the Commodity Exchange Act (“CEA”). The Trust, on behalf of the Fund, has filed a notice of eligibility for exclusion from the definition of the term “commodity pool operator” in accordance with Rule 4.5 and therefore, the Fund is not subject to registration or regulation as a commodity pool operator under the CEA.

PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND

All investments carry risks, and investment in the Fund is no exception. No investment strategy works all the time, and past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. You may lose money on your investment

in the Fund. To help you understand the risks of investing in the Fund, the principal risks of an investment in the Fund are generally set forth below:

Allocation risk – The performance of the Fund will depend largely on the decisions of the Adviser as to strategic asset allocation and tactical adjustments made to the asset allocation. At times, Stringer’s judgments as to the asset classes in which the Fund should invest may prove to be wrong, as some asset classes may perform worse than others or the equity markets generally from time to time or for extended periods of time.

Market risk – Stock prices are volatile. Market risk refers to the risk that the value of securities in the Fund’s portfolio may decline due to daily fluctuations in the securities markets generally. The Fund’s performance per share will change daily based on many factors that may generally affect the stock market, including fluctuation in interest rates, national and international economic conditions and general equity market conditions. In a declining stock market, stock prices for all companies (including those in the Fund’s portfolio) may decline, regardless of their long-term prospects.

Management style risk – Different styles of management tend to shift into and out of favor with stock market investors depending on market and economic conditions. To the extent the Fund focuses on a particular style of stocks, such as growth or value, its performance may at times be better or worse than the performance of similar funds that focus on other types of stocks or that have a broader investment style.

Business and sector risk – From time to time, a particular set of circumstances may affect a particular industry or certain companies within an industry, while having little or no impact on other industries or other companies within the industry. For instance, economic or market factors; regulation or deregulation; and technological or other developments may negatively impact all companies in a particular industry. To the extent the Fund invests heavily in a particular industry that experiences such a negative impact, the Fund’s portfolio will be adversely affected.

Large company risk – The Fund may invest in larger, more established companies, which may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges such as changes in consumer tastes or innovative smaller competitors. Also, large companies are sometimes unable to attain the high growth rates of successful, smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansions.

Mid-sized company risk – The Fund may invest in mid-sized companies, which may be more vulnerable to adverse business or economic events than larger, more established companies. In particular, these mid-sized companies may pose additional risks, including liquidity risk, because these companies tend to have limited product lines, markets and financial resources, and may depend upon a relatively small management group. Mid-sized companies may not have the management experience, financial resources, product diversification and competitive strengths of large companies. Mid-sized company stock may also be bought and sold less often and in smaller amounts than larger company stocks. Because of this, if the Fund wants to sell a large quantity of a mid-sized company’s stock, it may have to sell it at a lower price than the Adviser may prefer, or it may have to sell it in smaller than desired quantities over a period of time.

Small company risk – From time to time, the Fund may be substantially invested in stocks of smaller companies. Stocks of smaller companies may have more risks than those of larger companies. In general, smaller companies have less experienced management teams, serve smaller markets, and find it more difficult to obtain financing for growth or potential development than larger companies. Due to these and other factors, small companies may be more susceptible to market downturns, and their stock prices may be more volatile than those of larger companies.

Real Estate Investment Trust (“REIT”) risk – The Fund may invest in ETFs or other pooled investment vehicles that invest in REITs. REITs are susceptible to the risks associated with investing in real estate generally, such as: declines in property values; lack of ability to access the credit markets, defaults by

borrowers or tenants, increases in property taxes or operating expenses, rising interest rates or competition overbuilding; zoning changes; and losses from casualty or condemnation. REITs also typically incur fees that are separate from those of the Fund. Accordingly, the Fund's investment in ETFs or other pooled investment vehicles that invest in REITs will result in layering of expenses.

Commodities risk – The Fund may invest in ETFs or other pooled investment vehicles that invest in commodities, such as raw materials or agricultural products. Commodities are tied to future market values and future income and are vulnerable to adverse movements in prices and exchange rates. Additionally, the price of commodities may be affected by geopolitical changes and relations.

Credit risk – Debt securities, including exchange-traded notes, are generally subject to the risk that the issuer may be unable to make principal and interest payments when they are due. There is also the risk that the securities could lose value because of a loss of confidence in the ability of the borrower to pay back debt. Lower rated debt securities involve greater credit risk, including the possibility of default or bankruptcy.

Debt securities risk – Increases in interest rates typically lower the value of debt securities held by the Fund. Investments in debt securities include credit risk. There is also the risk that a bond issuer may “call,” or repay its high yielding bonds before their maturity dates. Debt securities subject to prepayment can offer less potential for gains during a declining interest rate environment and similar or greater potential for loss in a rising interest rate environment. Limited trading opportunities for certain debt securities may make it more difficult to sell or buy a security at a favorable price or time.

High yield securities risk – High-yield fixed income securities, also known as “junk bonds”, are securities rated below investment-grade by the primary rating agencies, such as Standard & Poor's, Fitch and Moody's, or are unrated securities of similar quality, and are thus considered speculative. The value of lower quality securities generally is more dependent on credit risk than investment-grade securities. Issuers of high-yield / high-risk securities may not be as strong financially as those issuing securities with higher credit ratings and are more vulnerable to real or perceived economic changes, political changes or adverse developments specific to the issuer. Further, secondary markets for high-yield securities are less liquid than the market for investment-grade securities. Therefore, it may be more difficult for the Fund to value the securities because valuation may require more research, and elements of judgment may play a larger role in the valuation because there is less reliable, objective data available.

Interest rate risk – Increases in interest rates typically lower the present value of a company's future earnings stream. Since the market price of a stock changes continuously based upon investors' collective perceptions of future earnings, stock prices will generally decline when investors anticipate or experience rising interest rates.

Issuer risk – The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than the market as a whole and can perform differently from the value of the market as a whole. When you sell your shares they may be worth more or less than what you paid for them, which means that you could lose money.

Shares of other investment companies – The Fund may invest in shares of other investment companies, including ETFs, as a means to pursue its investment objective. Federal law generally prohibits the Fund from acquiring shares of an investment company if, immediately after such acquisition, the Fund and its affiliated persons would hold more than 3% of such investment company's total outstanding shares. This prohibition may prevent the Fund from allocating its investments in an optimal manner. You will indirectly bear fees and expenses charged by the underlying funds in addition to the Fund's direct fees and expenses and, as a result, your cost of investing in the Fund will generally be higher than the cost of investing directly in the underlying fund shares.

Exchange-Traded Funds and other funds risk –

- *Limits of investing in ETFs.* The Fund’s investment strategy involves, among other things, investing in other investment companies, such as ETFs and other investment companies that track broad market indices or specific industries or sectors. Under the 1940 Act, the Fund may not acquire shares of an ETF or other investment company if, immediately after such acquisition, the Fund and its affiliated persons would hold more than 3% of the ETF’s or investment company’s total outstanding stock unless (i) the ETF or the Fund has received an order for exemptive relief from the 3% limitation from the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) that is applicable to the Fund (generally permitting the Fund and its affiliates to hold up to 25% of the ETF’s total outstanding stock); and (ii) the ETF and the Fund enter into an agreement to comply with any conditions in such order (an “ETF Agreement”). Accordingly, the 25% limitation (or, in cases where the Fund has not entered into an ETF Agreement, the 3% limitation) may prevent the Fund from allocating its investments in the manner the Adviser considers optimal.
- *Indirect costs of fund investments in ETFs.* To the extent the Fund invests in ETFs or other investment companies, your cost of investing in the Fund will generally be higher than the cost of investing directly in ETFs or other investment company shares. By investing in the Fund, you will indirectly bear fees and expenses charged by the underlying ETFs and investment companies in which the Fund invests in addition to the Fund’s direct fees and expenses. Furthermore, these types of investments by the Fund could affect the timing, amount and character of distributions to you and therefore may increase the amount of taxes payable by you.
- *Risks related to ETF NAV and market price.* The market value of an ETF’s shares may differ from its net asset value (“NAV”). This difference in price may be due to the fact that the supply and demand in the market for ETF shares at any point in time is not always identical to the supply and demand in the market for the ETF’s underlying basket of securities. Accordingly, there may be times when an ETF trades at a premium (creating the risk that the Fund pays more than NAV for an ETF when making a purchase) or discount (creating the risks that the Fund’s NAV is reduced for undervalued ETFs it holds, and that the Fund receives less than NAV when selling an ETF).

Foreign exposure risk – Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market.

Foreign exchange risk – Investing in securities listed on non-U.S. exchanges involves a number of potential risks to which the Fund will be subject, including greater price volatility; less supervision and regulation than U.S. securities exchanges, brokers, and issuers; higher brokerage costs; adverse tax consequences; and settlement delays. Accounting and disclosure standards also differ from country to country, which may make obtaining reliable research more difficult.

Foreign currency risk – Currencies of emerging markets countries are subject to significantly greater risks than currencies of developed countries, which may have an adverse effect on the value of securities of foreign companies traded on U.S. or foreign exchanges. For example, many emerging markets countries have experienced steady declines or sudden devaluations or increases of their currencies relative to the U.S. dollar, which may have adverse effects on companies’ cash flows, asset values and profits or losses, and may have adverse effects on the value of the Fund’s assets denominated in foreign currencies. Some emerging markets currencies may not be internationally traded or may be subject to strict controls by local governments, resulting in undervalued or overvalued currencies. Some governments have responded to such market fluctuation by restricting currency conversions, foreign investments or the repatriation of foreign investments. Future restrictive exchange controls could prevent or restrict the ability of an issuer in such market to make dividend or interest payments in the original currency of the obligation.

U.S. Government and U.S. agency obligations – The Fund may invest in various types of U.S. Government obligations. U.S. Government obligations include securities issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities, such as the U.S. Treasury. Payment of principal and interest on U.S. Government obligations may be backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or may be backed solely by the issuing or guaranteeing agency or instrumentality itself. In the latter case, the investor must look principally to the agency or instrumentality issuing or guaranteeing the obligation for ultimate repayment, which agency or instrumentality may be privately owned. There can be no assurance that the U.S. Government would provide financial support to its agencies or instrumentalities (including government-sponsored enterprises) where it is not obligated to do so

MANAGEMENT

Investment Adviser. Stringer Asset Management, LLC (“Stringer” or the “Adviser”), a Delaware limited liability company, serves as the investment adviser to the Fund. The Adviser’s principal office is located at 5050 Poplar Avenue, Suite 1103, Memphis, TN 38157. The Adviser was organized in February 2013 and, as of March 31, 2017, has assets under management of approximately \$101 million and assets under advisement of approximately \$363 million. The Adviser has entered into an Investment Advisory Agreement (the “Advisory Agreement”) with the Fund, under which the Adviser selects the securities and manages the investments for the Fund, subject to the oversight of the Fund’s Board of Trustees (the “Trustees”). Under the Advisory Agreement, the Fund pays the Adviser a monthly fee based on an annualized rate of the average daily net asset value of that Fund as indicated in the fee table above. The Adviser has entered into an Expense Limitation Agreement with the Fund under which it has agreed to waive or reduce its fees and to assume other expenses of the Fund, if necessary, in an amount that limits “Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses” as indicated in the fee table above. While the Adviser has no obligation to continue the waiver past the current term, it is expected that the contractual agreement will continue from year-to-year provided such continuance is approved by the Adviser and the Trustees.

For the fiscal year ended February 28, 2017, the Adviser received compensation of 0.00% of the Fund’s average daily net assets after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement. A discussion regarding the basis for the most recent approval by the Board of Trustees of the Advisory Agreement is available in the Fund’s annual report for the period ended February 28, 2017.

In addition to the advisory fees described above, the Adviser may also receive certain benefits from its management of the Fund in the form of brokerage or research services received from brokers under arrangements under Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the terms of the Advisory Agreement. For a description of these potential benefits, see the description under “Portfolio Transactions And Brokerage Allocation -- Brokerage Selection” in the SAI.

Portfolio Managers. Gary Stringer, CFA, Kim Escue, CFA, and Chad Keller, CFP, have served as portfolio managers to the Fund since its inception and are responsible for the day-to-day portfolio management of the Fund.

Mr. Stringer is the President and Chief Investment Officer of Stringer. Mr. Stringer co-founded Stringer in February 2013. From August 2005 to forming Stringer, Mr. Stringer was a Managing Director at Morgan Keegan and Company, Inc. where he served as the Director of Investments for Morgan Keegan’s Wealth Management Services division. In this position, Mr. Stringer chaired the Investment Strategy Committee, which set the firm’s asset allocation models and managed discretionary portfolios. Mr. Stringer holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Marketing from the University of Maryland as well as the Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA). In addition, he has completed the Securities Industry Institute sponsored by the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association and the Wharton School. He is a member of the CFA Institute, the Memphis Security Analyst Society, the Investment Management Consultants Association and the MidSouth Association for Business Economics.

Mrs. Escue also serves as a Senior Portfolio Manager of Stringer. Mrs. Escue co-founded Stringer in February 2013. From November 2003 to forming Stringer, Mrs. Escue was a Senior Vice President and Senior Due Diligence

Specialist at Morgan Keegan and Company, Inc. In her role as a research analyst she assessed mutual funds and separately managed accounts for retail and institutional clients. She was also a member of the Investment Strategies Committee, which set the firm's asset allocation models and managed discretionary portfolios. Mrs. Escue received both her Bachelor of Business Administration and Master of Business Administration degrees from the University of Memphis. She holds the Chartered Financial Analyst designation and is a member of the CFA Society of Memphis.

Mr. Keller is the Chief Operating Officer and Chief Compliance Officer of Stringer. Mr. Keller co-founded Stringer in February 2013. From August 2005 to forming Stringer Asset Management, Mr. Keller was a First Vice President and Senior Investment Specialist in the Wealth Management Services division of Morgan Keegan and Company, Inc. In this role, Mr. Keller worked with investment and economic data on a daily basis and was responsible for the quantitative risk characteristics of several discretionary models. He also wrote many client-facing papers on market and investment topics. Mr. Keller holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from the University of Tennessee and a Master of Business Administration from the University of Memphis. Additionally, Mr. Keller is a Certified Financial Planner™ professional.

The SAI provides additional information about the portfolio managers' compensation, other accounts managed and their ownership of securities in the Fund.

Board of Trustees. The Fund is a series of the 360 Funds (the "Trust"), an open-end management investment company organized as a Delaware statutory trust on February 25, 2005. The Board of the Trust supervises the operations of the Fund according to applicable state and federal law and is responsible for the overall management of the Fund's business affairs.

ADMINISTRATION

Custodian. Fifth Third Bank (the "Custodian") serves as the custodian of the Fund's securities.

Fund Administration and Distribution. M3Sixty Administration, LLC ("M3Sixty") serves as the Fund's administrator providing the Fund with administrative, accounting and compliance services. In addition, M3Sixty serves as the transfer agent and dividend-disbursing agent of the Fund. As indicated below under the caption "Investing in the Fund," M3Sixty will handle your orders to purchase and redeem Shares of the Fund, and will disburse dividends paid by the Fund.

Distribution of Shares. Matrix 360 Distributors, LLC (the "Distributor") serves as the Fund's principal underwriter. The Distributor may sell the Fund's Shares to or through qualified securities dealers or other approved entities. The Fund with respect to the Class A and Class C shares has adopted a Distribution Plan in accordance with Rule 12b-1 ("Distribution Plan") under the 1940 Act. The Distribution Plan provides that the Fund may compensate or reimburse the Distributor for services rendered and expenses borne in connection with activities primarily intended to result in the sale of the Fund's Shares (this compensation is commonly referred to as "12b-1 fees"). Sales charges (including without limitation, sales loads, CDSCs and 12b-1 fees) may be paid to broker-dealers, banks and any other financial intermediary eligible to receive such fees for sales of Fund shares and for services provided to shareholders. The Distributor may also retain a portion of these fees as the Fund's distributor. Pursuant to the Distribution Plan, the Fund may annually pay the Distributor up to 0.25% of the average daily net assets attributable to each of the Class A and Class C shares and up to 1.00% of the average daily net assets attributable to the Class C shares. The 0.25% fee for the Class A shares is a service fee. The 1.00% fee for the Class C shares is comprised of a 0.25% service fee and a 0.75% distribution fee. Because 12b-1 fees are paid out of the Fund's assets on an on-going basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

The Fund offers three classes of shares (Class A shares, Class C shares and Institutional Class shares). Class A shares and Class C shares are available for purchase by all investors. Each class represents interests in the same portfolio of investments and has the same rights, but the classes differ with respect to sales loads and expenses to

which they are subject. The decision as to whether Class A shares, Class C shares or Institutional Class shares are more beneficial to you generally depends on the amount and intended length of time of your investment.

Certain Expenses. In addition to the 12b-1 fees and the investment advisory fees, the Fund pays all expenses not assumed by the Adviser, including, without limitation, the fees and expenses of its independent accountants and of its legal counsel; the costs of printing and mailing to shareholders annual and semi-annual reports, proxy statements, prospectuses, statements of additional information and supplements thereto; the costs of printing registration statements; bank transaction charges and custodian's fees; any proxy solicitors' fees and expenses; filing fees; any federal, state or local income or other taxes; any interest; any membership fees of the Investment Company Institute and similar organizations; fidelity bond and Trustees' liability insurance premiums; and any extraordinary expenses, such as indemnification payments or damages awarded in litigation or settlements made.

INVESTING IN THE FUND

Minimum Initial Investment. The Fund's Shares are sold and redeemed at net asset value. Shares may be purchased by any account managed by the Adviser and any other institutional investor or any broker-dealer authorized to sell Shares in the Fund. The minimum initial investment for the Class A or Class C shares of the Fund is generally \$5,000. The minimum investment for Institutional Class shares is \$1,000,000. The Fund may, at the Adviser's sole discretion, accept accounts with less than the minimum investment.

Determining the Fund's Net Asset Value. The price at which you purchase or redeem Shares is based on the next calculation of net asset value after an order is accepted in good form. An order is considered to be in good form if it includes a complete application and payment in full of the purchase amount. The Fund's net asset value per share is calculated by dividing the value of the Fund's total assets, less liabilities (including Fund expenses, which are accrued daily), by the total number of outstanding Shares of the Fund. The net asset value per Share of the Fund is normally determined at the time regular trading closes on the NYSE, currently 4:00 p.m. Eastern time, Monday through Friday, except when the NYSE closes earlier. The Fund does not calculate net asset value on business holidays when the NYSE is closed.

The valuation of portfolio securities is determined in accordance with procedures established by, and under the direction of, the Trustees. In determining the value of the Fund's total assets, portfolio securities are generally calculated at market value by quotations from the primary market in which they are traded. Instruments with maturities of 60 days or less are valued at amortized cost which approximates market value. The Fund normally uses pricing services to obtain market quotations. Securities and assets for which representative market quotations are not readily available or that cannot be accurately valued using the Fund's normal pricing procedures are valued at fair value as determined in good faith under policies approved by the Trustees. Fair value pricing may be used, for example, in situations where (i) a portfolio security, such as a small-cap stock, is so thinly traded that there have been no transactions for that stock over an extended period of time or the validity of a market quotation received is questionable; (ii) the exchange on which the portfolio security is principally traded closes early; (iii) trading of the particular portfolio security is halted; (iv) the security is a restricted security not registered under federal securities laws purchased through a private placement not eligible for resale; or (v) the security is purchased on a foreign exchange.

Pursuant to policies adopted by the Trustees, the Adviser is responsible for notifying the Board of Trustees (or the Trust's Fair Value Committee ("Fair Value Committee")) when it believes that fair value pricing is required for a particular security. The Fund's policies regarding fair value pricing are intended to result in a calculation of the Fund's net asset value that fairly reflects portfolio security values as of the time of pricing. A portfolio security's fair value price may differ from the price next available for that portfolio security using the Fund's normal pricing procedure, and may differ substantially from the price at which the portfolio security may ultimately be traded or sold. If such fair value price differs from the price that would have been determined using the Fund's normal pricing procedures, a shareholder may receive more or less proceeds or shares from redemptions or purchases of Fund shares, respectively, than a shareholder would have otherwise received if the portfolio security was priced using the Fund's normal pricing procedures. The performance of the Fund may also be affected if a portfolio security's fair

value price were to differ from the security's price using the Fund's normal pricing procedures. The Trustees monitor and evaluate the Fund's use of fair value pricing.

Other Matters. Purchases and redemptions of Shares by the same shareholder on the same day will be netted for the Fund.

PURCHASING SHARES

Opening a New Account. To open an account with the Fund, take the following steps:

1. Complete an Account Application. Be sure to indicate the type of account you wish to open, the amount of money you wish to invest, and which class of shares you wish to purchase. If you do not indicate which class you wish to purchase, your purchase will be invested in Class A shares. The application must contain your name, date of birth, address, and Social Security Number ("SSN") or Taxpayer Identification Number ("TIN"). If you have applied for a SSN or TIN prior to completing your account application but you have not received your number, please indicate this on the application and include a copy of the form applying for the SSN or TIN. Taxes are not withheld from distributions to U.S. investors if certain IRS requirements regarding the SSN or TIN are met.

2. Write a check or prepare a money order from a U.S. financial institution and payable in U.S. dollars. For regular mail orders, mail your completed application along with your check or money order made payable to the "Stringer Moderate Growth Fund" to:

360 Funds

[Name of Fund and Share Class]

c/o M3Sixty Administration, LLC

4520 Main Street

Suite 1425

Kansas City, Missouri 64111

If checks are returned due to insufficient funds or other reasons, the purchase order will not be accepted. The Fund will charge the prospective investor a \$20 fee for cancelled checks and may redeem Shares of the Fund already owned by the prospective investor or another identically registered account for such fee. The prospective investor will also be responsible for any losses or expenses incurred by the Fund or the Administrator in connection with any cancelled check.

Bank Wire Purchases. Purchases may also be made through bank wire orders. To establish a new account or add to an existing account by wire, please call (877) 244-6235 for instructions.

Additional Investments. You may add to your account by mail or wire at any time by purchasing Shares at the then current public offering price. The minimum additional investment for any account of Class A or Class C shares in the Fund is \$250, except under the automatic investment plan discussed below. Before adding funds by bank wire, please call the Fund at (877) 244-6235 and follow the above directions for bank wire purchases. Please note that in most circumstances, there will be a bank charge for wire purchases. Mail orders should include, if possible, the "Invest by Mail" stub that is attached to your confirmation statement. Otherwise, please identify your account in a letter accompanying your purchase payment. The Fund may, at the Adviser's sole discretion, accept additional investments for less than the minimum additional investment.

Automatic Investment Plan. Shareholders who have met the Fund's minimum investment criteria may participate in the Fund's automatic investment plan. The automatic investment plan enables shareholders to make regular monthly or quarterly investments in Class A shares, Class C shares or Institutional Class shares through automatic charges to shareholders' checking account. With shareholder authorization and bank approval, the Fund will automatically charge the shareholder's checking account for the amount specified (\$100 minimum for each of Class A shares, Class C shares, or Institutional Class shares of the Fund), which will automatically be invested in the type

of shares that the shareholder holds in his or her account (Class A shares, Class C shares, or Institutional Class shares), at the public offering price on or about the 21st day of the month. The shareholder may change the amount of the investment or discontinue the plan at any time by notifying the Fund in writing.

Important Information about Procedures for Opening a New Account. Under the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001 (USA Patriot Act of 2001), the Fund is required to obtain, verify, and record information to enable the Fund to form a reasonable belief as to the identity of each customer who opens an account. Consequently, when an investor opens an account, the Fund will ask for, among other things, the investor's name, street address, date of birth (for an individual), social security or other tax identification number (or proof that the investor has filed for such a number), and other information that will allow the Fund to identify the investor. The Fund may also ask to see the investor's driver's license or other identifying documents. An investor's account application will not be considered "complete" and, therefore, an account will not be opened and the investor's money will not be invested until the Fund receives this required information. In addition, if after opening the investor's account, the Fund is unable to verify the investor's identity after reasonable efforts, as determined by the Fund in its sole discretion, the Fund may (i) restrict redemptions and further investments until the investor's identity is verified; and (ii) close the investor's account without notice and return the investor's redemption proceeds to the investor. If the Fund closes an investor's account because the Fund was unable to verify the investor's identity, the Fund will value the account in accordance with the Fund's next net asset value calculated after the investor's account is closed. In that case, the investor's redemption proceeds may be worth more or less than the investor's original investment. The Fund will not be responsible for any losses incurred due to the Fund's inability to verify the identity of any investor opening an account.

Other Information. In connection with all purchases of Fund Shares, we observe the following policies and procedures:

- We price direct purchases based on the next public offering price (net asset value) computed after your order is received. Direct purchase orders received by M3Sixty as the Fund's transfer agent by the close of the regular session of the NYSE (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern time) are confirmed at that day's public offering price. Purchase orders received by dealers prior to the close of the regular session of the NYSE on any business day and transmitted to M3Sixty on that day are confirmed at the public offering price determined as of the close of the regular session of trading on the NYSE on that day.
- We do not accept third party checks for any investments.
- We may open accounts for less than the minimum investment or change minimum investment requirements at any time.
- We may refuse to accept any purchase request for any reason or no reason.
- We mail you confirmations of all your purchases or redemptions of Fund Shares.
- Certificates representing Shares are not issued.

Choosing a Share Class. The Fund offers three classes of shares (Class A shares, Class C shares and Institutional Class shares). Class A shares and Class C shares are available for purchase by all investors. Institutional Class shares are available only to institutional investors and certain broker dealers and financial institutions that have entered into appropriate arrangements with the Fund. Each class represents interests in the same portfolio of investments and has the same rights, but the classes differ with respect to sales loads and ongoing expenses. The decision as to which class of shares of the Fund is most beneficial to you generally depends on your purchase amount, the length of time you expect to hold your investment and the sales charges, total operating expenses associated with each class, the platform to which you are purchasing shares, and the type of account in which you will hold the shares (e.g. retirement, taxable, etc.).

Class A shares generally have an initial sales load, but are subject to lower ongoing expenses than Class C shares. Class C shares are sold without any initial sales load so the entire purchase price is immediately invested in the Fund, but Class C shares are subject to higher ongoing expenses than Class A shares. Since the entire amount of the purchase price of Class C shares is immediately invested in the Fund, any investment return on Class C shares

may partially or wholly offset the higher annual expenses of Class C shares over the short term. However, there can be no assurance that this would be the case, since the Fund's future returns cannot be predicted. In addition, you should consider the effect of the Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (the "CDSC") applicable to Class C shares and certain redemptions of Class A shares, depending on the length of time you expect to hold your investment in the Fund.

Each investor's considerations are different. You should speak with your financial representative or broker-dealer to help you decide which class of shares is best for you. Set forth below is a brief description of each class of shares offered by the Fund.

Class A Shares. Class A shares are sold at net asset value plus an initial sales load. The sales load is deducted from the amount you invest. The sales load for Class A shares is reduced for purchases of \$100,000 or more, as shown in the chart below.

Amount of Investment	Sales load as a % of:		Dealer Reallowance as % of Public Offering Price*
	Public Offering Price*	Net Amount Invested	
Less than \$50,000	5.50%	4.71%	4.50%
\$50,000 but less than \$100,000	4.50%	3.63%	3.50%
\$100,000 but less than \$250,000	3.50%	3.09%	3.00%
\$250,000 but less than \$500,000	2.50%	2.04%	2.00%
\$500,000 but less than \$1 million	2.00%	1.01%	1.00%
\$1 million or more	0.00%**	0.00%**	See below

* "Public Offering Price" is the net asset value at the time of purchase plus the front-end sales load. In general, the broker-dealer reallowance on sales of Class A shares will equal the amount of the Sales Load as a % of Public Offering Price described in this table.

** No sales load is paid at the time of purchase for investments of \$1 million or more. A CDSC of 1.00% may be imposed on such investments in the event of redemption within 12 months of purchase.

Class A shares are also subject to an annual 12b-1 fee of up to 0.25% of the Fund's average daily net assets allocable to Class A shares.

Broker-Dealer Reallowances and Commissions. The broker-dealer reallowance for purchases of Class A shares under \$1 million is described in the chart above. For initial purchases of Class A shares of a Fund of \$1 million or more, a broker-dealer's commission (equal to 1.00% of such purchases over \$1 million) may be paid by the Adviser to participating unaffiliated broker-dealers through whom such purchases are effected. No commission will be paid if the purchase represents the reinvestment of a redemption from a Fund made during the previous twelve months. Redemptions of Class A shares may result in the imposition of a CDSC if the broker-dealer's commission described in this paragraph was paid in connection with the purchase of such shares. See "CDSC for Certain Purchases of Class A shares" below."

Under certain circumstances, the Distributor may increase or decrease the reallowance to broker-dealers. The Distributor receives that portion of the initial sales load which is not reallowed to the brokers who sell shares of the Fund. The Distributor retains the entire sales load on all direct initial investments in the Fund and on all investments in accounts with no designated dealer of record.

Reduced Sales Loads. Front-end sales loads on purchases of Class A shares may be reduced under the "Right of Accumulation" or under a "Letter of Intent." To receive a reduced sales load, you must inform your broker-dealer or the Fund at the time you purchase shares that you qualify for such a reduction. If you do not let your broker-dealer or the Fund know you are eligible for a reduced sales charge, you may not receive the discount to which you are otherwise entitled.

You may use the “Right of Accumulation” to reduce your sales load. Under the “Right of Accumulation,” you may combine the current net asset value of your existing Class A shares of the Fund or any fund in the Stringer family with the amount of any current purchases in the Fund or funds in the Stringer family of funds in order to take advantage of the reduced sales loads in the table above.

Purchases made pursuant to a “Letter of Intent” may also be eligible for the reduced sales loads. In a Letter of Intent, the investor expresses his or her intention, in writing, to invest a certain amount over a specified period of time. The Fund will then apply to each of the investor’s periodic investments the reduced sales load that would apply to the total amount stated in the Letter of Intent. The minimum initial investment under a Letter of Intent is \$50,000. If not stated otherwise in the Letter of Intent, the amount of shares you purchase in the Fund during the thirteen (13) months following the signing of the Letter of Intent qualify for the reduced sales load. The reduced sales load will not apply to purchases in the Fund made more than 90 days prior to the signing of the Letter of Intent. During the term of your Letter of Intent, the Transfer Agent will hold in escrow shares representing the highest applicable sales load for the Fund each time you make a purchase. Any shares you redeem during that period will count against your total amount stated in your Letter of Intent. If, by the end of the term of the Letter of Intent, you have purchased all the shares you committed to purchase in the Letter of Intent, the escrowed shares will be released to you. If you have not purchased all the shares you committed to purchase in the Letter of Intent, your escrowed shares will be redeemed in an amount equal to the sales load that would apply if you had purchased the actual amount in your account all at once. Any escrowed shares not needed to satisfy that sales load would be released to you.

Shareholders may include the value of certain related accounts, including accounts held by their spouse and children under the age of 21, family trust accounts of the investor and other accounts held by the investor to determine the applicable sales load and for purposes of the Right of Accumulation and Letter of Intent privileges. These privileges apply even if your related accounts are opened at different brokerage firms, so it is important to let your broker-dealer(s) or the Transfer Agent know about all your accounts that may be combined. To verify eligibility for a reduced sales load, your broker-dealer or the Fund may require that you submit copies of account statements to substantiate requests for Right of Accumulation and Letter of Intent privileges.

In addition to the Right of Accumulation and Letters of Intent, Class A shares are offered at net asset value without a sales load to the following types of investors: trustees and officers of the Fund, clients of the Adviser, employees of the Adviser (and members of their immediate families) and the Adviser and certain service providers of the Fund. As explained above, there also is no sales load at the time of purchase on investments of \$1 million or more in the Fund, but such purchases may be subject to a CDSC of 1.00% in the event of redemption within 12 months of purchase. See “CDSC for Certain Purchases of Class A Shares” below.

CDSC for Certain Purchases of Class A Shares. A CDSC is imposed upon certain redemptions of Class A shares purchased at net asset value in amounts totaling \$1 million if the dealer’s commission described above was paid by the underwriter and the shares are redeemed within one year from the date of purchase. The CDSC will be paid to the Distributor and will be equal to 1.00% of the lesser of (1) the net asset value at the time of purchase of the Class A shares being redeemed; or (2) the net asset value of such shares at the time of redemption. If your purchase of Class A shares is subject to the CDSC, you will be so notified on the confirmation you receive for such purchase. A CDSC will not be imposed upon redemptions of Class A shares held for more than one year.

Class C shares. Class C shares are sold at net asset value without an initial sales load so that the full amount of your purchase payment may be immediately invested in the Fund. A CDSC of 1.00% will be imposed on redemptions of Class C shares made within one year of their purchase. The CDSC will be a percentage of the dollar amount of shares redeemed and will be assessed on an amount equal to the net asset value at the time of purchase of the Class C shares being redeemed. A CDSC will not be imposed upon redemptions of Class C shares held for more than one year. Class C shares are subject to an annual 12b-1 fee of up to 1.00% of the Fund’s average daily net assets allocable to Class C shares.

Institutional Class shares. Institutional Class shares of the Fund are sold at NAV without an initial sales charge so that the full amount of your purchase payment may be immediately invested in the Fund. Institutional Class shares are available for investment only to institutional investors and certain broker-dealers and financial institutions that have entered into appropriate arrangements with the Fund. These arrangements are generally limited to discretionary managed, asset allocation, eligible retirement plan or wrap products offered by broker-dealers and financial institutions. Shareholders participating in these programs may be charged fees by their broker-dealer or financial institution.

Additional Information about Sales Charges. Information regarding the Fund's sales charges, as well as information regarding reduced sales charges and waived sales charges, and the terms and conditions for the purchase, pricing, and redemption of Fund shares is not available on the Fund's website since the Fund's website contains limited information. Further information is available by calling the Fund at (877) 244-6235.

Exchanging Shares

Shares of any class of the Fund generally may be exchanged for shares of the same class of any other Fund managed by the Adviser without paying a sales charge or a CDSC. Shares of any class of the Fund also may be acquired in exchange for shares of the same class of any other Fund managed by the Adviser without paying a sales charge or CDSC. You may make exchanges only between identically registered accounts (name(s), address, and TIN).

If an exchange results in opening a new account, you are subject to the applicable minimum investment requirement. All exchanges also are subject to the eligibility requirements of the Fund into which you are exchanging. The exchange privilege may be exercised only in those states where shares of the Fund may be legally sold. The Fund may also discontinue or modify the exchange privilege on a prospective basis at any time upon notice to shareholders in accordance with applicable law. For federal income tax purposes, an exchange of Fund shares for shares of another Fund is treated as a sale on which gain or loss may be recognized.

If a shareholder no longer meets the eligibility requirements for the shareholder's current share class, the Fund may, upon notice to the shareholder, convert the shareholder into a share class of the same Fund for which the shareholder is eligible.

Through Your Broker or other Financial Professional

Call your broker or other financial professional. Your broker or other financial professional can assist you in all the steps necessary to exchange shares. Your broker or financial professional may charge you for its services.

By Mail

Write a letter to request an exchange specifying the name of the fund from which you are exchanging, the registered account name(s) and address, the account number, the dollar amount or number of shares to be exchanged and the fund into which you are exchanging.

The request must be signed by all of the owners of the shares including the capacity in which they are signing, if appropriate.

Mail your request to:
M3Sixty Administration, LLC
4520 Main Street
Suite 1425
Kansas City, Missouri 64111

By Telephone

If you have authorized this service, you may exchange by telephone by calling (877) 244-6235.

If you make a telephone exchange request, you must furnish the name of the fund from which you are exchanging, the name and address of record of the registered owner, the account number and TIN, the dollar amount or number of shares to be exchanged, the fund into which you are exchanging, and the name of the person making the request.

Redeeming Shares

Regular Mail Redemptions. Regular mail redemption requests should be addressed to:

360 Funds

[Name of Fund and Share Class]

c/o M3Sixty Administration, LLC

4520 Main Street

Suite 1425

Kansas City, Missouri 64111

Regular mail redemption requests should include the following:

- (1) Your letter of instruction specifying the Fund, account number and number of Shares (or the dollar amount) to be redeemed. This request must be signed by all registered shareholders in the exact names in which they are registered;
- (2) Any required signature guarantees (see “Signature Guarantees” below); and
- (3) Other supporting legal documents, if required in the case of estates, trusts, guardianships, custodianships, corporations, pension or profit sharing plans, and other entities.

The Fund typically expects to pay redemption proceeds to redeeming shareholders within seven days after receipt of a redemption request. However, the Fund may delay forwarding a redemption check for recently purchased Shares while it determines whether the purchase payment will be honored. Such delay (which may take up to 10 days from the date of purchase) may be reduced or avoided if the purchase is made by certified check or wire transfer. In all cases, the net asset value next determined after receipt of the request for redemption will be used in processing the redemption request. The Fund typically expects to meet redemption requests through cash holdings or cash equivalents and expects to use cash holdings or cash equivalents on a regular basis. To the extent cash holdings or cash equivalents are not available to meet redemption requests, the Fund will meet redemption requests by either (i) rebalancing its overweight securities or (ii) selling portfolio assets. In addition, if the Trustees determine that it would be detrimental to the best interest of the Fund’s remaining shareholders to make payment in cash, the Fund may pay redemption proceeds in whole or in part by a distribution-in-kind of readily marketable securities.

The Fund may suspend redemption, if permitted by the 1940 Act, for any period during which the NYSE is closed or during which trading is restricted by the SEC or if the SEC declares that an emergency exists. Redemptions may also be suspended during other periods permitted by the SEC for the protection of the Fund’s shareholders. Additionally, during drastic economic and market changes, telephone redemption privileges may be difficult to implement.

Telephone and Bank Wire Redemptions. Unless you specifically decline the telephone transaction privileges on your account application, you may redeem Shares of the Fund by calling (877) 244-6235. The Fund may rely upon confirmation of redemption requests transmitted via facsimile at (816) 817-3267. The confirmation instructions must include the following:

- (1) Name of Fund;
- (2) Shareholder name(s) and account number;
- (3) Number of Shares or dollar amount to be redeemed;
- (4) Instructions for transmittal of redemption funds to the shareholder; and
- (5) Shareholder(s) signature(s) as it/they appear(s) on the application then on file with the Fund.

You can choose to have redemption proceeds mailed to you at your address of record, your financial institution, or to any other authorized person, or you can have the proceeds sent by wire transfer to your financial institution (\$5,000 minimum). The Fund in its discretion may choose to pass through to redeeming shareholders any charges imposed by the Fund's custodian for wire redemptions. If this cost is passed through to redeeming shareholders by the Fund, the charge will be deducted automatically from your account by redemption of Shares in your account. Your bank or brokerage firm may also impose a charge for processing the wire. If wire transfer of funds is impossible or impractical, the redemption proceeds will be sent by mail to the designated account.

Redemption proceeds will only be sent to the financial institution account or person named in your Fund Shares Application currently on file with the Fund. Telephone redemption privileges authorize the Fund to act on telephone instructions from any person representing himself or herself to be the investor and reasonably believed by the Fund to be genuine. The Fund will not be liable for any losses due to fraudulent or unauthorized instructions nor for following telephone instructions provided that the Fund follows reasonable procedures to ensure instructions are genuine.

Minimum Account Size. Due to the relatively high cost of maintaining small accounts, the Fund reserves the right to liquidate a shareholder's account if, as a result of redemptions or transfers (but not required IRA distributions), the account's balance falls below the minimum initial investment required for your type of account (see "Minimum Initial Investment" above). The Fund will notify you if your account falls below the required minimum. If your account is not increased to the required level after a thirty (30) day cure period then the Fund may, at its discretion, liquidate the account.

Redemptions In Kind. The Fund does not intend, under normal circumstances, to redeem shares by payment in kind. It is possible, however, that conditions may arise in the future that would, in the opinion of the Trustees, make it undesirable for the Fund to pay for all redemptions in cash. In such cases, the Trustees may authorize payment to be made in readily marketable portfolio securities of the Fund. Securities delivered in payment of redemptions would be valued at the same value assigned to them in computing the net asset value per share. Shareholders receiving them may incur brokerage costs when these securities are sold and will be subject to market risk until such securities are sold. An irrevocable election has been filed under Rule 18f-1 of the 1940 Act, wherein the Fund must pay redemptions in cash, rather than in kind, to any shareholder of record of the Fund who redeems during any 90-day period, the lesser of (a) \$250,000 or (b) 1% of the Fund's net asset value at the beginning of such period. Redemption requests in excess of this limit may be satisfied in cash or in kind at the Fund's election.

Signature Guarantees. To protect your account and the Fund from fraud, signature guarantees may be required to be sure that you are the person who has authorized a change in registration or standing instructions for your account. Signature guarantees are generally required for (i) change of registration requests; (ii) requests to establish or to change exchange privileges or redemption service other than through your initial account application; (iii) transactions where proceeds from redemptions, dividends, or distributions are sent to an address or financial institution differing from the address or financial institution of record; and (iv) redemption requests in excess of \$50,000. Signature guarantees are acceptable from a member bank of the Federal Reserve System, a savings and loan institution, credit union (if authorized under state law), registered broker-dealer, securities exchange, or association clearing agency and must appear on the written request for change of registration, establishment or change in exchange privileges, or redemption request.

Other Information about Contingent Deferred Sales Charges. If, within the first year of purchase, you redeem (i) Class A share purchases of more than \$1 million; or (ii) Class C shares, you may be subject to a CDSC as described above under "Fees and Expenses of the Fund" and "Purchasing Shares – Choosing a Share Class". Shares

acquired through the reinvestment of dividends or distributions of capital gains will not be subject to a CDSC. To determine if the CDSC applies to a redemption, the Fund redeems Shares in the following order: (i) Shares acquired by reinvestment of dividends and capital gains distributions; and then (ii) Shares held for the longest period.

The Fund will waive the CDSC if requested in the following circumstances:

- Redemption upon the death or permanent disability of the shareholder if made within one year of the death or the initial determination of permanent disability. The waiver is available only for Shares held at the time of death or initial determination of permanent disability.
- Mandatory distributions from a tax-deferred retirement plan or IRA.

If you wish to request that the CDSC be waived for one of the reasons stated above, contact your financial representative, broker- dealer or the Fund. Such waiver requests must be made at the time of redemption.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT PURCHASES AND REDEMPTIONS

Purchases and Redemptions through Securities Firms. The Fund has authorized one or more brokers to accept purchase and redemption orders on its behalf and such brokers are authorized to designate intermediaries to accept orders on behalf of the Fund. In addition, orders will be deemed to have been received by the Fund when an authorized broker, or broker-authorized designee, accepts the purchase order or receives the redemption order. Orders will be priced at the next calculation of the Fund's net asset value after the authorized broker or broker-authorized designee receives the orders. Investors may also be charged a fee by a broker or agent if Shares are purchased through a broker or agent. The Fund is not responsible for ensuring that a broker carries out its obligations. You should look to the broker through whom you wish to invest for specific instructions on how to purchase or redeem shares of the Fund.

Telephone Purchases by Securities Firms. Brokerage firms that are Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") members may telephone M3Sixty at (877) 244-6235 and buy Shares for investors who have investments in the Fund through the brokerage firm's account with the Fund. By electing telephone purchase privileges, FINRA member firms, on behalf of themselves and their clients, agree that neither the Fund nor M3Sixty shall be liable for following telephone instructions reasonably believed to be genuine. To be sure telephone instructions are genuine, the Fund and its agents send written confirmations of transactions to the broker that initiated the telephone purchase. As a result of these and other policies, the FINRA member firms may bear the risk of any loss in the event of such a transaction. However, if M3Sixty fails to follow these established procedures, it may be liable. The Fund may modify or terminate these telephone privileges at any time.

Disruptive Trading and Market Timing. The Fund is not intended for or suitable for market timers, and market timers are discouraged from becoming investors. The ability of new shareholders to establish an account, or for existing shareholders to add to their accounts is subject to modification or limitation if the Fund determines, in its sole opinion, that the shareholder or potential shareholder has engaged in frequent purchases or redemptions that may be indicative of market timing or otherwise disruptive trading ("Disruptive Trading") which can have harmful effects for other shareholders. These risks and harmful effects include:

- an adverse effect on portfolio management, as determined by the Adviser in its sole discretion, such as causing the Fund to maintain a higher level of cash than would otherwise be the case, or causing the Fund to liquidate investments prematurely; and
- reducing returns to long-term shareholders through increased brokerage and administrative expenses.

In an effort to protect shareholders from Disruptive Trading, the Board of Trustees has approved certain market timing policies and procedures. Under these market timing policies and procedures, the Fund may monitor trading activity by shareholders and take specific steps to prevent Disruptive Trading. In general, the Fund considers frequent roundtrip transactions in a shareholder account to constitute Disruptive Trading. A "roundtrip transaction"

is one where a shareholder buys and then sells, or sells and then buys, Shares within 30 days. While there is no specific limit on roundtrip transactions, the Fund reserves the right to (i) refuse any purchase order; and/or (ii) restrict or terminate purchase privileges for shareholders or former shareholders, particularly in cases where the Fund determines that the shareholder or potential shareholder has engaged in more than one roundtrip transaction in the Fund within any rolling 30-day period.

In determining the frequency of roundtrip transactions, the Fund does not include purchases pursuant to dollar cost averaging or other similar programs, and the Fund will not count systematic withdrawals and/or automatic purchases, mandatory retirement distributions, and transactions initiated by a plan sponsor. The Fund will calculate roundtrip transactions at the shareholder level, and may contact a shareholder to request an explanation of any activity that the Fund suspects as Disruptive Trading.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Fund may also take action if a shareholder's trading activity (evaluated based on roundtrip trading or otherwise) is deemed Disruptive Trading by the Fund, even if applicable Shares are held longer than 30 days. In addition, the Fund may, without prior notice, take whatever action it deems appropriate to comply with or take advantage of any state or federal regulatory requirement. The Fund also imposes an initial sales load and a CDSC on certain Shares, each of which has the effect of discouraging Disruptive Trading in Fund Shares.

The Fund cannot guarantee that its policies and procedures regarding market timing will be effective in detecting and deterring all Disruptive Trading.

Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings. A description of the Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund's portfolio securities is available in the Fund's SAI.

OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Distributions, Dividends and Taxes

The following information is meant as a general summary for U.S. taxpayers. Additional tax information appears in the SAI. Shareholders should rely on their own tax advisors for advice about the particular federal, state, and local tax consequences to them of investing in the Fund.

The Fund will distribute all or substantially all of its income and gains to its shareholders every year. Dividends paid by the Fund derived from net investment income, if any, will generally be paid annually and capital gains distributions, if any, will be made at least annually. Absent instructions to pay distributions in cash, distributions will be reinvested automatically in additional Shares (or fractions thereof) of the Fund. Although the Fund will not be taxed on amounts it distributes, shareholders will generally be taxed on distributions, regardless of whether distributions are paid by the Fund in cash or are reinvested in additional Fund shares.

A particular dividend distribution generally will be taxable as qualified dividend income, long-term capital gain, or ordinary income. Qualified dividend income generally includes dividends paid by U.S. corporations and certain qualifying foreign corporations, provided the foreign corporation is not a passive foreign investment company. Any distribution resulting from such qualified dividend income received by the Fund will be designated as qualified dividend income. If the Fund designates a dividend distribution as qualified dividend income, it generally will be taxable to individual shareholders at the long-term capital gains tax rate provided certain holding period requirements are met. If the Fund designates a dividend distribution as a capital gains distribution, it generally will be taxable to shareholders as long-term capital gain, regardless of how long the shareholders have held their Fund shares. Short-term capital gains may be realized and any distribution resulting from such gains will be considered ordinary income for federal tax purposes. All taxable dividends paid by the Fund other than those designated as qualified dividend income or capital gain distributions will be taxable as ordinary income to shareholders.

Taxable distributions paid by the Fund to corporate shareholders will be taxed at corporate tax rates. Corporate shareholders may be entitled to a dividends received deduction (“DRD”) for a portion of the dividends paid and designated by the Fund as qualifying for the DRD.

If the Fund declares a dividend in October, November or December but pays it in January, it will be taxable to shareholders as if the dividend had been received in the year it was declared. Every year, each shareholder will receive a statement detailing the tax status of any Fund distributions for that year. Distributions may be subject to state and local taxes, as well as federal taxes.

In general, a shareholder who sells or redeems shares will realize a capital gain or loss, which will be long-term or short-term depending upon the shareholder’s holding period for the Fund shares. An exchange of shares may be treated as a sale and may be subject to tax.

As with all mutual funds, the Fund may be required to withhold U.S. federal income tax at the fourth lowest rate for taxpayers filing as unmarried individuals (presently 28%) for all taxable distributions payable to shareholders who fail to provide the Fund with their correct taxpayer identification numbers or to make required certifications, or who have been notified by the IRS that they are subject to backup withholding. Backup withholding is not an additional tax; rather, it is a way in which the IRS ensures it will collect taxes otherwise due. Any amounts withheld may be credited against a shareholder’s U.S. federal income tax liability.

At the time this prospectus was prepared, there were various legislative proposals under consideration that would amend the Internal Revenue Code. At this time, though, it is not possible to determine whether any of these proposals will become law and how these changes might affect the Fund or its shareholders.

Shareholders should consult with their own tax advisors to ensure that distributions and sale of Fund shares are treated appropriately on their income tax returns.

Cost Basis Reporting. Federal law requires that mutual fund companies report their shareholders’ cost basis, gain/loss and holding period to the Internal Revenue Service on the Fund’s shareholders’ Consolidated Form 1099s when “covered” securities are sold. Covered securities are any regulated investment company and/or dividend reinvestment plan shares acquired on or after January 1, 2012. The Fund has chosen Average Cost as its default tax lot identification method for all shareholders. A tax lot identification method is the way the Fund will determine which specific shares are deemed to be sold when there are multiple purchases on different dates at differing net asset values, and the entire position is not sold at one time. The Fund’s standing tax lot identification method is the method covered shares will be reported on your Consolidated Form 1099 if you do not select a specific tax lot identification method. You may choose a method different than the Fund’s standing method and will be able to do so at the time of your purchase or upon the sale of covered shares. Please refer to the appropriate Internal Revenue Service regulations or consult your tax adviser with regard to your personal circumstances.

For those securities defined as “covered” under current Internal Revenue Service cost basis tax reporting regulations, the Fund is responsible for maintaining accurate cost basis and tax lot information for tax reporting purposes. The Fund is not responsible for the reliability or accuracy of the information for those securities that are not “covered.” The Fund and its service providers do not provide tax advice. You should consult independent sources, which may include a tax professional, with respect to any decisions you may make with respect to choosing a tax lot identification method.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following tables are intended to help you better understand the financial performance of the Fund for the periods shown. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. Total return represents the rate you would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the Fund, assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions. This information has been audited by Sanville & Company, the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm of

the Fund, whose report, along with the Fund's financial statements, is included in the Fund's annual report, which is available upon request without charge.

**Stringer
Moderate Growth Fund**

Class A

	For the Year Ended February 28, 2017	For the Period Ended February 29, 2016 ^(a)
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$ 9.07	\$ 10.00
Investment Operations:		
Net investment income	0.09	0.10
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	0.84	(0.93)
Total from investment operations	0.93	(0.83)
Distributions:		
From net investment income	(0.10)	(0.10)
From net realized capital gains	-	-
Total distributions	(0.10)	(0.10)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	<u>\$ 9.90</u>	<u>\$ 9.07</u>
Total Return ^(b)	10.29%	(8.38)% ^(c)
Ratios/Supplemental Data		
Net assets, end of period (in 000's)	\$ 1,757	\$ 607
Ratio of expenses to average net assets:		
Before fees waived and expenses absorbed ^(e)	2.84%	3.06% ^(d)
After fees waived and expenses absorbed ^(e)	1.50%	1.50% ^(d)
Ratio of net investment income (loss):		
Before fees waived and expenses absorbed ^(e)	(0.26)% ^(e)	(0.38)% ^(d)
After fees waived and expenses absorbed ^(e)	1.08%	1.18% ^(d)
Portfolio turnover rate	84%	118% ^(e)

(a) The Stringer Moderate Growth Fund commenced operations on March 31, 2015.

(b) Total Return represents the rate that the investor would have earned or lost on an investment in the Fund, assuming reinvestment of dividends.

(c) Not annualized.

(d) Annualized.

(e) These ratios exclude the impact of the expenses of the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.

**Stringer
Moderate Growth Fund**

Class C

	For the Year Ended February 28, 2017	For the Period Ended February 29, 2016 ^(a)
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$ 9.02	\$ 10.00
Investment Operations:		
Net investment income (loss)	(0.04)	0.02
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	0.90	(0.92)
Total from investment operations	0.86	(0.90)
Distributions:		
From net investment income	(0.03)	(0.08)
From net realized capital gains	-	-
Total distributions	(0.03)	(0.08)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 9.85	\$ 9.02
Total Return ^(b)	9.51%	(9.02)% ^(c)
Ratios/Supplemental Data		
Net assets, end of period (in 000's)	\$ 617	\$ 582
Ratio of expenses to average net assets:		
Before fees waived and expenses absorbed ^(e)	3.59%	3.81% ^(d)
After fees waived and expenses absorbed ^(e)	2.25%	2.25% ^(d)
Ratio of net investment income (loss):		
Before fees waived and expenses absorbed ^(e)	(1.01)%	(1.13)% ^(d)
After fees waived and expenses absorbed ^(e)	0.33%	0.43% ^(d)
Portfolio turnover rate	84%	118% ^(e)

(a) The Stringer Moderate Growth Fund commenced operations on March 31, 2015.

(b) Total Return represents the rate that the investor would have earned or lost on an investment in the Fund, assuming reinvestment of dividends.

(c) Not annualized.

(d) Annualized.

(e) These ratios exclude the impact of the expenses of the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.

**Stringer
Moderate Growth Fund**

Institutional Class

	For the Year Ended February 28, 2017	For the Period Ended February 29, 2016 ^(a)
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$ 9.07	\$ 10.00
Investment Operations:		
Net investment income	0.12	0.11
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	0.84	(0.93)
Total from investment operations	0.96	(0.82)
Distributions:		
From net investment income	(0.12)	(0.11)
From net realized capital gains	-	-
Total distributions	(0.12)	(0.11)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 9.91	\$ 9.07
Total Return ^(b)	10.61%	(8.23)% ^(c)
Ratios/Supplemental Data		
Net assets, end of period (in 000's)	\$ 4,598	\$ 3,886
Ratio of expenses to average net assets:		
Before fees waived and expenses absorbed ^(c)	2.59%	2.81% ^(d)
After fees waived and expenses absorbed ^(c)	1.25%	1.25% ^(d)
Ratio of net investment income (loss):		
Before fees waived and expenses absorbed ^(c)	(0.01)%	(0.13)% ^(d)
After fees waived and expenses absorbed ^(c)	1.33%	1.43% ^(d)
Portfolio turnover rate	84%	118% ^(c)

(a) The Stringer Moderate Growth Fund commenced operations on March 31, 2015.

(b) Total Return represents the rate that the investor would have earned or lost on an investment in the Fund, assuming reinvestment of dividends.

(c) Not annualized.

(d) Annualized.

(e) These ratios exclude the impact of the expenses of the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.

Privacy Notice

FACTS	WHAT DOES 360 FUNDS DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?	
Why?	Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.	
What?	<p>The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Social Security number ▪ Assets ▪ Retirement Assets ▪ Transaction History ▪ Checking Account Information ▪ Purchase History ▪ Account Balances ▪ Account Transactions ▪ Wire Transfer Instructions <p>When you are <i>no longer</i> our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.</p>	
How?	All financial companies need to share your personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons 360 Funds chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.	
Reasons we can share your personal information	Does 360 Funds share?	Can you limit this sharing?
For our everyday business purposes – Such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus	Yes	No
For our marketing purposes – to offer our products and services to you	No	We don't share
For joint marketing with other financial companies	No	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your transactions and experiences	No	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your creditworthiness	No	We don't share
For nonaffiliates to market to you	No	We don't share
Questions?	Call (877) 244-6235	

Who we are	
Who is providing this notice?	360 Funds M3Sixty Administration, LLC (Administrator) Matrix 360 Distributors, LLC (Distributor)
What we do	
How does 360 Funds protect my personal information?	To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings. Our service providers are held accountable for adhering to strict policies and procedures to prevent any misuse of your nonpublic personal information.
How does 360 Funds collect my personal information?	We collect your personal information, for example, when you <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Open an account ▪ Provide account information ▪ Give us your contact information ▪ Make deposits or withdrawals from your account ▪ Make a wire transfer ▪ Tell us where to send the money ▪ Tell us who receives the money ▪ Show your government-issued ID ▪ Show your driver's license We also collect your personal information from other companies.
Why can't I limit all sharing?	Federal law gives you the right to limit only <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your creditworthiness ▪ Affiliates from using your information to market to you ▪ Sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.
Definitions	
Affiliates	Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ <i>M3Sixty Administration, LLC and Matrix 360 Distributors, LLC could each be deemed to be an affiliate.</i>
Nonaffiliates	Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ <i>360 Funds does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.</i>
Joint marketing	A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ <i>360 Funds does not jointly market.</i>

STRINGER MODERATE GROWTH FUND

Additional information about the Fund's investments is available in the Fund's annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders. In the Fund's annual report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund's performance during its last fiscal year. A statement of additional information ("SAI") about the Fund has been filed with the SEC. The SAI (which is incorporated in its entirety by reference in this Prospectus) contains additional information about the Fund.

To request a free copy of the SAI, the Fund's annual and semi-annual reports and other information about the Fund, or to make inquiries about the Fund, write the Fund at Stringer Moderate Growth Fund c/o M3Sixty Administration, LLC, 4520 Main Street, Suite 1425, Kansas City, MO 64111 or call the Fund at (877) 244-6235. The SAI is also available on the Fund's website at www.stringeramfunds.com.

Information about the Fund (including the SAI) can be reviewed and copied at the SEC's public reference room in Washington, D.C. Information about the operation of the public reference room may be obtained by calling the SEC at 1-202-551-8090. Reports and other information about Fund are available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>, and copies of this information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, Washington, D.C. 20549-1520.

Investment Company Act File Number: 811-21726